Technical Information

Plastic Additives

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R = registered trademark of BASF SE

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Tinuvin[®] 1600

Very Low Volatile Hydroxyphenyl Triazine UV Absorber

CharacterizationTinuvin 1600 is an ultraviolet light absorber (UVA) of the hydroxyphenyl
triazine class exhibiting very low volatility, high absorption and good com-
patibility with a variety of polymers, co-additives and resin compositions.
Tinuvin 1600 allows polycarbonates, polyesters, and acrylics to achieve a
higher resistance to weathering than conventional hydroxyphenyl triazine,
benzotriazole or cyanoacrylate UV absorbers.Chemical Nature2-hydroxyphenyl-s-triazine derivativeApplicationsTinuvin 1600 applications include polyalkene terephthalates and naphtha-
lates, linear and branched polycarbonates, acrylics (PMMA) and their copo-
lymers, modified polyphenylene ether compounds, various high performance

plastics, PA, SAN, ASA, as well as polyolefins.

The use of Tinuvin 1600 is indicated in polymer blends & alloys, such as PC/ABS, PC/PBT, PPE/IPS, PPE/PA and copolymers as well as in reinforced, filled and/or flame retarded compounds, which can be transparent, translucent and/or pigmented.

Features/BenefitsDue to its very low volatility, excellent thermal stability and high extinction
coefficient, Tinuvin 1600 is particularly suitable for processing and aging
conditions where high loadings, very good compatibility, and outstanding
durability are required. Such requirements are especially critical for thin
layers and films in general, e.g. extruded or co-extruded articles such as
plain, multi-wall and corrugated sheets, oriented and biaxially oriented thin
films, co-extruded or co-injected semi-finished parts, fibers and complex
moldings.

Thanks to the high compatibility with polycarbonate combined with its extremely low volatility Tinuvin 1600 can be used in caplayer compounds avoiding plate-out, contributing to less frequent cleaning during extrusion. Moreover, its very high UV screening activity allows the use of lower concentrations than with traditional UV absorbers. This may be of particular importance when using Tinuvin 1600 in applications requiring high concentrations of UV absorbers. It also offers the opportunity to extend the service life of end-use articles.

Product Forms

Tinuvin 1600, yellowish, free-flowing powder

Intellectual property rights

Tinuvin 1600

Guidelines for use	Tinuvin 1600 (0.2–6% by weight) can be readily incorporated into the polymer by using conventional techniques, e.g. powder, solution, or melt blending. Tinuvin 1600 can be used alone or in combination with other functional additives such as antioxidants (hindered phenols, phosphites) and HALS light stabilizers, where often a synergistic performance is observed. Extensive performance data are available in many of the substrates listed above.	
Physical properties	Melting range Flashpoint Vapor pressure (25 °C) Specific gravity (at 25 °C) Bulk density Angle of repose	120–130 °C not applicable <0.1 pPa 1.05 g/ml 0.42 g/ml 36°
	Solubility (20 °C) Acetone Chloroform Ethanol Ethyl acetate MMA Methylene chloride THF	g/l 2.4 547 8.7 22.8 75 530 540
	Volatility (pure substance; TG Weight loss % 1.0 5.0 10.0	A, heating rate 20 °C/min in air) Temperature °C 366 412 432
Absorbance spectrum	1.4 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	Tinuvin 1600 exhibits strong absorbance in the 300–400 nm region and minimal absorbance in the vis- ible region (> 400 nm). The absorption maxi- mum ist at 302 nm $(\varepsilon = 7.1 \cdot 10^4 \ l/mol \cdot cm)$ in chloroform solution.
Handling & Safety	Tinuvin 1600 exhibits a very lov any abnormal problems in its h	w order of oral toxicity and does not present nandling or general use.
		ng and any precautions to be observed in the d in this leaflet can be found in our relevant sheet.

It is the responsibility of those to whom we supply our products to ensure that any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation is observed. Certain uses of Tinuvin 1600 as a stabilizer in specific substrates/applications are covered by third party patent rights. Some of these patent rights are subject of existing agreements and will not be asserted against BASF or its customers. Therefore, in case of corresponding questions concerning specific uses and applications of Tinuvin 1600, please revert to your BASF representative for further information.

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Note

Furthermore, Tinuvin 1600 as well as some applications thereof are subject of BASF intellectual property rights (like EP 815089 and its equivalents in other countries). Purchase of Tinuvin 1600 does not entitle the buyer or any third party to produce, offer or use blends of biodegradable polymers and Tinuvin 1600 protected under BASF intellectual property rights.

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